



Camello Blend

Brachiaria hybrid blend GP3025 + GP3207

GRASS · PERENNIAL · WARM SEASON

PRODUCT OVERVIEW

A drought-focused hybrid pasture blend for grazing, hay and cut forage across warm tropical environments.

WHY SHORTLIST THIS PRODUCT

- Pasture performance**
 Supports productive grazing systems when entry, residual, rest and fertility are managed as one program.
- Dry-period resilience**
 Established stands can maintain useful function through dry periods, subject to soil depth and local conditions.
- Pest resilience**
 Selected components support resilience where spittlebug pressure is an important pasture risk.
- Harvest flexibility**
 Can be scheduled for hay or conserved forage when maturity and drying conditions are suitable.

PRODUCT SNAPSHOT

CROP TYPE

Grass · Perennial

SEASON / CLIMATE

Warm season

PRIMARY ROLES

Pasture · Drought · Spittlebug

GENERAL SOIL FIT

Confirm locally

SOIL pH

4.5–8.0

Establish well. Manage the whole cycle

ESTABLISHMENT

- 01 Choose the window**
Match planting to the product's season, frost risk and the field's moisture outlook.
- 02 Test and prepare**
Use a current soil test, control competing vegetation and prepare the seedbed or planting zone for good contact.
- 03 Calibrate the lot**
Confirm the current seed lot, germination, treatment and whether the recommended rate is bulk seed or pure live seed.
- 04 Establish carefully**
Follow the technical reference for placement and method, then verify emergence and stand uniformity early.
- 05 Protect establishment**
Delay traffic, grazing or harvest until roots and growing points can support recovery.

TECHNICAL REFERENCE

Soil pH
4.5–8.0

Seeding rate
8–10 kg/ha

First grazing
80–90 days

Dry matter
27–30 t/ha/year

Crude protein
Up to 16%

Digestibility
Up to 65%

MANAGEMENT

- 01 Set the objective**
Manage the stand for its primary role—cover, soil recovery, forage, grain, tubers or a planned combination.
- 02 Watch the stage**
Use crop stage and field condition—not the calendar alone—to time grazing, harvest or termination.
- 03 Maintain function**
Monitor moisture, fertility, weeds, pests and stand density; adjust before lost ground becomes difficult to recover.
- 04 Plan what follows**
Coordinate residue, regrowth or termination with the needs and planting window of the next enterprise.
- 05 Verify locally**
Adapt the program to local climate, soils, regulations, animal class and product labeling.

Height
80–110 cm

Residual
15–20 cm

Waterlogging tolerance
Low

Rest period
25–35 days

Growth habit
Semi-decumbent perennial

Elevation
0–1,400 m

IMPORTANT MANAGEMENT NOTE

Reference values are not performance guarantees. Confirm the current seed lot, label, local agronomic recommendation and any animal-use restrictions before planting or feeding.

Technical basis: Tropical Seeds — Grasses Fichas Técnicas; Grupo Papalotla — current Camello product page

FIELD NOTE

Rates and performance vary with environment, seed lot and management. Scan for the current online profile and supporting resources.

SCAN FOR UPDATES



SITE-SPECIFIC FIELD EVIDENCE

Camello field performance on sandy soil

Farm Bovilândia · Mato Grosso, Brazil

Sown 12 Dec 2024 · Harvested 1 Mar 2025

Supplied field observation on sandy soil with 1,500 mm rainfall during October-April, 1.5 t/ha lime and the reported phosphorus and sulfur fertilization program.

DRY-MATTER YIELD

5,353 lb/ac

Single harvest

CRUDE PROTEIN

14%

DIGESTIBILITY

67%

NDF

62%

TDN

61%

ESTIMATED SUPPLY

4.5 AU / 30 days

DMI at 2.5% BW

WHAT THE SUPPLIED RESULT SHOWS

- The observation documents useful dry-matter output and forage quality in a seeded sandy-soil environment.
- The dossier cites a 500 mm annual-rainfall positioning reference; treat it as product positioning, not a guaranteed threshold.

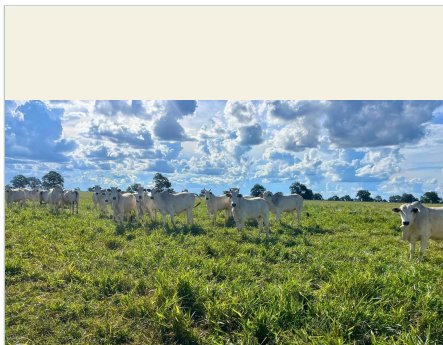
INTERPRET WITH CONTEXT

Observed field result, not a performance guarantee. Confirm product identity, current seed form and local agronomic guidance before use.

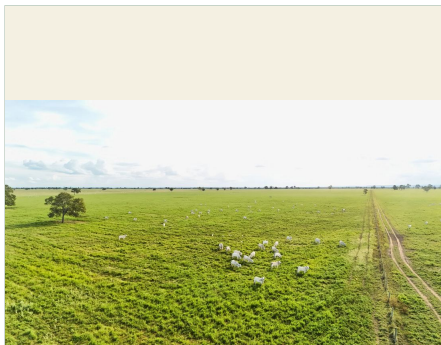
SUPPLIED FIELD IMAGERY

A visual record of the evaluation

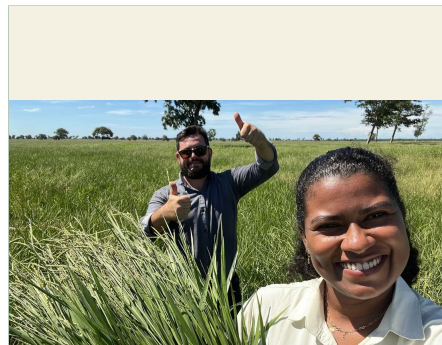
Images extracted from the Papalotla technical results dossier and kept with the named product evidence.



Camello stand with cattle at the Brazil field site



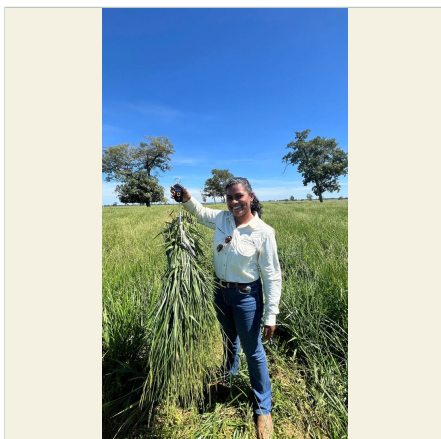
Aerial grazing view



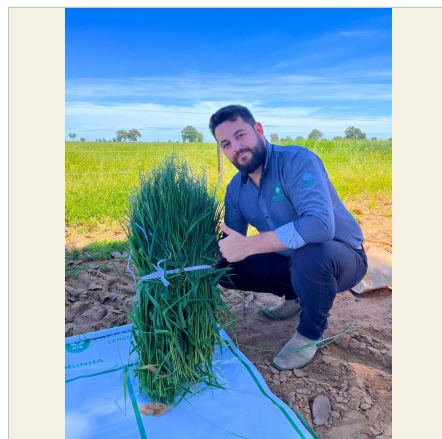
Field inspection during the evaluation



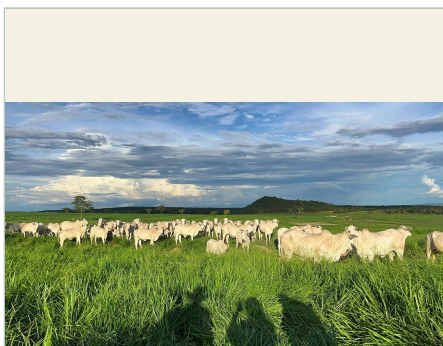
Partner and agronomy team



Standing biomass inspection



Measured forage sample



Pasture image supplied with the dossier